

GRAND RAPIDS HERALD.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FORAKER NOT IN IT

Sherman Defeats Him on the First Ballot

BY A MAJORITY OF FIFTEEN

Four Names Were Presented but Sherman's was Greatest of Them All.

COLUMBIA, Jan. 6.—There was a long fight this evening over the question of whether the vote on senator should be a secret or viva voce one. The viva voce vote carried by a vote of 47 to 34. The Foraker men were anxious for a secret ballot.

Senator Nichols presented Sherman's name. Representative Griffin presented Foraker's name, Representative Walsh, the name of Mayor McKinley and Representative Dicks the name of Charles Foster.

A vote was called for and Sherman received 53 votes to 33 for the other candidates. He was declared to be the caucus nominee for senator.

John Sherman of Mansfield was born at Lancaster, Ohio, May 10, 1823; received an academic education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar May 11, 1844; was a delegate in the national whig convention of 1848 and '52, and presided over the first republican convention in Ohio in 1853; was a representative in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh congresses, and was the republican candidate for speaker in the winter of 1859-'60; was elected to the senate in March, 1861, and re-elected in 1866 and '72; was appointed secretary of the treasury in March, 1877, and served as such during President Hayes' administration; was president of the senate from December 7, 1875, till February 26, 1877, and was re-elected to the United States senate as a republican, to succeed Allen G. Thurman, democrat, took his seat March 4, 1881, and was re-elected in 1887. His term of service will expire March 3, 1893.

How the Fight Was Won.
As expected Foraker and Sherman men first looked toward the question of how ballots should be taken—secret or viva voce. The Foraker men urged a secret ballot on the ground that it had been charged that a number of members were being coerced. The Sherman men contended that each member represented a constituency and was supposed to vote their wishes. An hour was spent in debate on this question. The vote stood 47 viva voce to 34 secret ballot. It was thus evident that some Sherman men wanted a secret ballot. Some excitement followed the vote. Senator Nichols presented the name of Sherman in an eloquent speech, dwelling upon his record as a financier. Representative Griffin presented the name of Foraker, expatiating upon his soldier record. McKinley's name was soon afterward withdrawn by a telegram from him. Representative Dicks presented the name of Foster. The ballot proceeded with little demography. After the vote was announced, both Sherman and Foraker were brought into the hall. Sherman spoke first. After thanking the members of the caucus, he complimented Foraker upon his fight and hoped he would never have him for an opponent again. Foraker spoke in a good natured way, saying that when a man begins to fight John Sherman he has to fight the whole United States.

BICYCLE CLUB AFFAIRS.

Last Night's Ball—A Sleigh Ride to Grandville Friday.

The fourth of a series of parties to be given by the Bicycle club, was held last evening in the club room in the Hartman building. They report it to have been a great success socially, but the reverse financially.

Members of the Grand Rapids Bicycle club will take a sleigh ride to Grandville Friday evening. A supper will be had at the hotel followed by a dance. All members and friends of the club who have received invitations for former entertainments may consider themselves invited.

MRS. GRAVES INSANE.

It is Feared That Her Mind is Hopelessly Wrecked—New Trial to be Asked For.

DESVIER, Jan. 6.—It is now stated that Mrs. Graves is insane. It is believed by some that there is no chance for recovery. Her physician says that with quiet and rest she may recover. District Attorney Stevens says he won't take any action on the alleged confession of the doctor. Judge Furman has prepared a motion for new trial to present tomorrow.

NEAR BEING WRECKED.

It is Believed That Robbers are Trying to Wreck Reading Trains.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 6.—The fast express on the Reading road came near being wrecked today in Perkiss tunnel by colliding with an obstruction while running at a high rate of speed. The train men think it was another attempt at wrecking with the intention of robbery. This is the second attempt within a week.

FORCED OUT BY FLOODS.

Thousands of Miners Idle On Account of the High Water.

SHANAGHAN, Pa., Jan. 6.—Over four thousand miners, slate pickers and laborers employed in the Pennsylvania Green Ridge, Spring & Ferndale collieries, between here and Mount Carmel are idle on account of the high water. It has been raining at intervals for two weeks, causing mine-flooding greater than for a number of years.

HAS NOT FOUND THE LEAK.

Chief Justice Fuller Still Investigating the Boyd-Thayer Matter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Chief Justice Fuller is understood to be still engaged in trying to discover by what means the supreme court's decision in the Boyd-Thayer case got out. It is doubtful if the investigation proves fruitful. All kinds of theories are advanced, but none has been traced to a conclusion. The report which went out on the day

of the publication that a justice of the court had given it to Senator Paddock, who had given it to his private secretary, who is the correspondent of the Omaha Bee, and who gave it to his fellow correspondents, is wrong, and, in so far as it implies breach of faith on the part of the correspondent in his capacity as private secretary, most unjust to him. The correspondent in question did not obtain his information from Senator Paddock. He could not have done so, as the senator was in the west. The correspondent obtained the news from the same source as his fellows, like them, paid a good round price for it. The investigation will continue, and some interesting features may transpire, but great and powerful as the chief justice is he will this time probably find himself in a blind alley.

MOLLIE FANCHER DYING.

The Wonderful Clairvoyant Who For 25 Years Has Puzzled Scientists.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Miss Mollie Fancher, whose marvelous powers of second sight was widely discussed by scientific and religious people a few years ago, is thought to be dying at her home, 138 Gates avenue, Brooklyn.

Professor Charles W. West, professor of the Brooklyn Heights academy, a lifelong friend of Miss Fancher, told me yesterday that she was suffering from dropsy in addition to her other afflictions, and her condition was very serious.

Miss Fancher was a pupil at Professor West's school, where she showed remarkable ability. Shortly after she left school the mysterious condition which has puzzled everybody overcame her. She was in a rigid state for nine years, and then she relapsed into a limp state, which continues now. Her affliction began twenty-five years ago, when she fell from a horse. Not long afterward, when she was getting off a horse car, her dress caught and she was dragged along the street for nearly a block. Her nervous system was completely shattered.

She has lain on her right side for twenty-five years, never moving, and taking no other nourishment than could be furnished in a liquid form and mainly by the juices of the peach, part of an orange or perhaps a pickle. During the nine years she lay in a rigid state, her right arm was thrown up under her head and both hands were firmly clinched.

During this time and since, Miss Fancher has been possessed of second sight or clairvoyance. Of this Professor West says he has very obtainable proof. Miss Fancher has always refused every suggestion of a development of her power, and has refused to use it for personal gain. Miss Fancher lies in an upper room of her residence and conducts a store on the first floor. She has a perfect knowledge of her business and makes up her own accounts each night. She writes beautifully with her left hand and more rapidly than most persons and more legibly.

Professor West has tried to induce Miss Fancher to write a book of her experiences or to dictate one, but she has refused.

FLED WITH HER MONEY.

A Former Chicagoan Said to Have Disappeared With His Wife's Money.

WELLSBURG, W. Va., Jan. 6.—A year ago Mrs. Laura Beltz, a handsome and wealthy widow of this place, answered a matrimonial advertisement of Edward Kirkland of Chicago. A correspondence resulted, Kirkland came here, and the couple were married in a romantic manner. Mrs. Kirkland transferred all her property to her husband and he launched out into an extensive business, living in costly style.

Today it was learned that Kirkland mysteriously disappeared five days ago. He took \$5000 of his wife's money, leaving her penniless. Other creditors lose nearly \$10,000. The Kirklands moved in the best society.

BLAINE IS THEIR CHOICE.

Two-Thirds of the New York Republican Legislators Favor Him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A number of reporters went to Albany today and asked the members of the legislature to name their favorite presidential candidate.

Out of the seventy-five republicans fifty are for James G. Blaine, six for President Harrison, one for Chauncey M. Depew, and the rest undecided. Of the eighty-three democratic members in both houses fifty-three favor Hill, while Cleveland only has four followers and Governor Flower one. The other twenty-eight democrats would express no preference.

CURRENCY AROUND A CORPSE.

Over \$16,000 in Money and Drafts Found Over a Man's Body.

TRIOY, N. Y., Jan. 6.—A well dressed stranger was found dead yesterday morning on the highway at Hoonick. He had shot himself in the head, a revolver being found in his hand. On the ground around him were \$600 in currency, three drafts for \$1,000, and one for \$15,000, issued to the bearer by F. S. Sargent, cashier of the Security Trust company of Nashua, N. H., to the Commercial National bank, Boston, dated January 2. The currency and drafts were torn in pieces. The body was afterward identified as that of L. N. T. Parlin, supposed to be a jeweler, living at No. 29 Factory street, Nashua. It is believed he wandered from home while mentally deranged.

SWEEPED BY A CYCLONE.

A Georgia Town Almost Wiped Out of Existence by It.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ga., Jan. 6.—This town was almost swept out of existence last night by a cyclone. Three persons were killed, and a number injured. Loss, \$50,000. Scarcely any insurance.

Free Farms Nearly Ready.

TANLEIGH, I. T., Jan. 6.—The Cherokee Council has formally ratified the agreement made by the commission representing the United States and the Cherokee nation with relation to the Cherokee strip, and now all that remains to be done is to throw open over 800,000 acres of land to white settlement so that congress shall ratify the agreement.

MUST BE MORE CASH

The World's Fair Commission Hampered for Funds.

SEVERAL SUMS SET APART

For the Respective Exhibits but a Lot More of Money Needed to Make a Successful Exhibit at Chicago.

The full board were present when the World's Fair commission met yesterday morning. Mrs. James B. Angell of Ann Arbor, a member of the Ladies' National Board of Managers, gave an idea of what the women expected and hoped to do. She said that when they first met one of the two hundred women present had any idea what they were there for; but they rapidly became acquainted and already had their plans well under way. The purpose of the women's department is to show to the best advantage what women are doing in the various lines of work. She detailed the work on the women's building and said the ornate suits and decorations would be designed by women. In addition to the display, hospital arrangements will be made, and a home of information established for children who stray away from their guardians. Mrs. Angell also read a letter from Mrs. J. J. Bagley of Detroit, in which a plan of work was outlined for the organization of "Women of America" societies to promote the work.

The board then went into executive session. The following amounts were decided upon for the various purposes named.

Buildings furnished, \$25,000; administration expenses of building, \$10,000; secretary's salary two years and a half, \$5000; board expenses, traveling, printing, clerk hire, etc., \$10,000; contingent fund, \$15,000; state of Michigan exhibit, \$6000. President Weston thought \$6000 would be a small amount but it was made \$8000 at the suggestion of Governor Winans. To be used in aid of exhibit, \$25,000 to \$29,000. The board adopted a resolution that not to exceed \$25,000 will be used in assisting exhibits at present. Commissioner White was authorized to recommend a superintendent of mines and mining. The commission voted to have 10,000 copies of Mrs. Pond's letter printed for distribution. Adjourned until afternoon.

Cost of the Fish Show.

At the afternoon meeting of the commission, Herschel Whittaker, chairman of the state fish commission presented the following estimate:

GENTLEMEN:—At your request and on behalf of the state board of fish commissioners, I submit herewith for your consideration a detailed estimate of the amount of funds required to make an exhibit of the indigenous fish of the state, alive in aquaria at Chicago during the World's Fair exhibit, to be held in 1893. It will be necessary to provide:

1. A crew for the fish car, consisting of five men, who will be constantly employed during the fair and will be engaged in transporting different varieties of fish from points of collection to the place of exhibit. The car would necessarily be in commission for the entire period.

Salaries of five men at \$40 per month, amounting to \$200 per month, total amount for six months, \$1,200.

Subsistence of crew at \$3.50 per week, for twenty-six weeks, \$95.

Subsistence of exhibit, including extra help for transferring fish, ice and other material, \$75 per month, amounting for six months to \$450, \$2,025.

2. Wages of "collecting crew" of eight men at \$40 per month each, engaged at different points throughout the state in collecting specimens, \$320 per month. Total of wages for period of six months, \$1,920. Subsistence of crew at \$1 per day each, \$240 per month, \$1,440.

3. Force of six men in attendance on exhibit at exposition, to act as day and night watches, four men at \$40 and two men at \$45 per month, \$1900; subsistence at one dollar per day, \$1800; incidental expenses \$20 per month, \$120—\$2700.

4. Switch charges for car, to and from grounds, twice each week, at \$12 per trip, for twenty-six weeks, \$322; printing 500,000 monographs, showing value of fisheries, catch, amount of money invested in fisheries, etc., for general distribution, \$350; incidentals not otherwise specified, \$500—\$1470.

Total amount required, \$9,625.

Respectfully submitted,

Herschel Whittaker,

Chairman of Committee on Fish Exhibit.

Allotted the Funds.

Mr. Weston stated that this sum was far in excess of what was allowed under the present appropriation. Mr. Whittaker did not think it worth while to attempt to make any exhibit on a less sum of money. How ever it was thought that more money might be secured at the next session of the legislature and Mr. Whittaker was instructed to apply for space.

The board then went into executive session. Several important matters were brought up. On motion of Peter White the sum of \$1000 was appropriated for clerk hire in the office of the superintendent of public instruction on condition that that official should adopt the Indiana plan of collecting funds for the educational exhibit. It was then moved by Mr. White that out of the \$25,000 set apart for promoting exhibits, \$5000 be used for the promotion of promoting and aiding a horticultural, pomological and floricultural exhibit, \$1000 of which is to be made available for immediate use or as soon as required, and to be expended under the supervision of Commissioner Belding and Secretary Stevens. The motion was adopted.

It was then moved and adopted that out of the \$25,000, the sum of \$10,000 less the \$4000 previously set apart, should be devoted to making an agricultural display. Commissioner White submitted the estimate of the amount necessary for the mine and mining exhibit at \$15,000. The board set apart \$7500. Mr. White assuring the board that \$7500 more could be raised among the mine owners of the upper peninsula.

hibit; 30 per cent. to the mining exhibit, and 16 per cent. to the horticultural exhibit. The horticulturalists asked for only 15 per cent.

The board then adjourned until the first Tuesday in February, when they will meet in the Hibbard house, Jackson. At this meeting plans for the building will be adopted. Plans have been submitted by Mortimer D. Smith of Detroit, Pond & Pond of Chicago and E. K. Myers of Detroit.

ADDRESS TO THE WOMEN.
A Circular Prepared by the Committee for General Distribution.

Julia Pond and Mrs. Valentine have prepared the following circular in regard to woman's work at the fair: "It is with pleasure that we send greeting to the women who so generously manifest a desire to share our responsibilities, and whose efforts in behalf of the varied interests of the women of their respective countries promise general progress in all that pertains to the well-being of the women of Michigan. It would seem desirable to enter at once into communication with the women who have for the past two years been successful exhibitors at our state, district and county fairs. The secretary of each fair association will, if requested, cheerfully furnish a list of names of the successful women exhibitors. This will assist the several committees to communicate with the women who are most likely to participate in the work. Very essential to our favorable progress will be the maintenance of kindly relations with the local press. In return for valuable assistance local editors may give us let us be thoughtful in furnishing them with essential information in regard to the county work and items of state and general interest, placing before them carefully prepared manuscripts and clippings neatly pasted on slips of paper in the order in which we wish them to appear.

The Press Appreciated.
We cannot speak too earnestly of the importance of friendly newspapers, entering as they do, the houses of thousands of women beyond our individual reach in whose minds we are anxious to awaken entire interest and to whom we wish conveyed good reports of the work we are doing. Public gatherings of every kind may be made to contribute to the general interest and propriety of county work and will aid in enlisting the services of individuals who have time and inclination to participate in this grand undertaking. Efforts to interest children will yield most gratifying results, and not infrequently be the means of arousing the interests of parents who may otherwise be indifferent. We will find it in the selection of women to serve in local organizations, choosing women who accept the position with a due sense of the responsibilities assumed under whose management harmony will prevail and who will impart dignity and continuity."

BEGAN BUSINESS AT ONCE.

Convicted of Robbery When but Twenty-Four Hours in the Country.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Morris Wolf, a muscular Russian has been sentenced to state's prison for nineteen years for robbery in the first degree. At the trial Tessa A. Rogers testified that she and her younger sister were on their way home about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of December 12 when Wolf ran up behind her, caught hold of her right arm and tried to twist her purse, containing about \$10, out of her right hand. She struggled to retain the purse, and Wolf twisted her arm and threw her down. Then he struck her in the face and made her nose bleed. At that moment Daniel Ingram, a telegram lineman, ran to her assistance, and dropping the purse Morris ran. Miss Rogers grew more and more excited as she told the story, and as she stepped from the witness stand she became hysterical. Court officers supported her out into the corridor.

The jury took one ballot and returned to the court room, convicting Wolf within five minutes. Wolf's counsel asked for clemency on the ground that Wolf was a foreigner, not able to speak our language and that he had been in this city but twenty-four hours when he was unfortunate enough to get into trouble.

"The fact that he had been in our city but twenty-four hours," said Judge Cowing, "only magnifies his crime. Europe is apparently ridding herself of all her cranks and criminals and sending them to us, and the wonder is to me how they slip through Castle Garden. Not a day passes but some of these rascals from abroad commit crimes affecting either the life or the property of our citizens, and it is time an example should be set to them. They must be taught that whether they have been in our community twenty-four hours or twenty-four years they must obey our laws or expect to be severely punished if they do not. The extreme penalty under the conviction is imprisonment in state prison for twenty years. I deem it my duty to make an example of this man as a warning to our evil-disposed men, who come to our hospitable shores from other countries and immediately start out on a career of crime. I sentence you, Wolf, to state prison for nineteen years."

"I am innocent! I am innocent!" exclaimed Wolf as he was led from the bar.

Barnit Was Ungrateful.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—A dispatch from John L. Sullivan, who is now on the Pacific coast, denies that he has had any